Overview of hospital stays in the United States, 2012: Statistical Brief #180

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Type: Review

Abstract

This Statistical Brief presents data from the Healthcare Cost and Utilization Project (HCUP) on characteristics of inpatient stays in U.S. community hospitals in 2012. The distribution of type of hospital stay (surgical, medical, and maternal or neonatal) is presented for different characteristics (patient age, primary payer, and hospital region). Changes in hospital utilization and costs from 2003 to 2012.
Characteristics of all hospital stays for children in the United States in 2012. This statistic displays several major characteristics of all hospital stays among U.S. children, aged 0 to 17 years, in 2012. During this year, the average length of stay for children was 3.9 days. Hospitalizations among children seem to have become more common among children with chronic conditions. This topic page provides an overview of natural and organic cosmetic sales and UK consumer attitudes. More Information.

The Statistical Abstract of the United States was a publication of the United States Census Bureau, an agency of the United States Department of Commerce. Published annually since 1878, the statistics described social and economic conditions in the United States. The U.S. Census Bureau stopped publishing the Statistical Abstract of the United States with the 2012 edition. It stopped compiling the data on which it is based, along with the supplemental products, as of October 1, 2011. The Census Bureau Length of hospital stay has fallen over time in both Europe and the United States. Recent work has suggested that a longer hospital stay after hip fracture is associated with decreased mortality following discharge. Characteristics of 180,844 patients with hip fracture in New York state, 2000-11, stratified by length of hospital stay, usual discharge destination, and primary payer. All differences between mean estimates noted in the text are statistically significant at the 0.0005 level or better. Differences between proportions noted in the text differ by at least 10 percent.